

مِٱللَّهِ ٱلرَّحَٰمَٰزَ ٱلرِّحِبَ By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)

by finall's flattic fit-Kallman fit-Kalleem (The Multi	
1. Alif Lam Ra. ¹ Telka ^w (she-that-afar-it w/thosew) (are) The Book's Aya'te (Qur'an's statements) and a Qur'an manifester.	الرَّ تِلُكَ ءَايَنتُ ٱلْكِتَبِ وَقُرَءَانِ مُّبِين شَ
2. Often² whenº long³ whor unbelieved theyz if theyz were Muslims.	رُّبَمَا ۚ يَوَدُّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَوْ كَانُواْ مُسْلِمِينَ ۞
3. Tharr ^A ([you ^s] let-alone/forsake) them eat they ^z and yatamattao ⁵ (let them relish the temporary worldly delights) and yulhe (entertainingly-preoccupy/distract) them the hope; so they ^z will know.	ذَرُهُمْ يَأْكُلُوا وَيَتَمَتَّعُوا وَيُلَهِمُ ٱلْأَمَلُ فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ ۞
4. And not We perished of a village wexcept for it was book ma'aloomon (that which is known).	وَمَآ أُهْلَكُنَا مِن قَرْيَةٍ إِلَّا وَلَهَا كِتَابٌ مَّعْلُومٌ ﴿
5. Not surpasses of an <i>Ummaten</i> ^w (generation/community) ^w its ^w ajala ⁷ (term-limit) and nor yasta'akherona ⁸ (affirmably slacken tarrying they ²).	مَّا تَسْبِقُ مِنْ أُمَّةٍ أَجَلَهَا وَمَا يَسْتَغْخِرُونَ ۞
6. And they said: ya'ayyaha (O, you ^g) who nozzela (had been iteratively descended) on him The Thekro (Qur'an) verily you ^g (are) surely a maniac ⁹ .	وَقَالُواْ يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِى ثُرِّلَ عَلَيْهِ ٱلذِّكُرُ إِنَّكَ لَمَجْنُونٌ ﴿
7. Lawma ¹⁰ (why do not) ta'ateena ^x ([you ^s] produce/cause to descend for us) ^x by the angels, en (if) you ^g were of the ssa'deqeena (always truth renderer).	لَّوْ مَا تَأْتِينَا بِٱلْمَلَيْكِةِ إِن كُنتَ مِنَ ٱلصَّدِقِينَ ۞
8. Not nonazzelo (repetitively descend) [We] the angels except by the right, and not they z were then mundhareena ¹¹ (ones given reprieve).	مَا نُنَزِّلُ ٱلْمَلَتِهِكَةَ إِلَّا بِٱلْحُقِّ وَمَا كَانُواْ إِذًا مُّنظَرِينَ ۞
9. Verily We, nazzalna (We repetitively descended) The Thekra ^x (Qur'an) ^x and verily We(are) for it ^x surely keepers-up ¹² .	إِنَّا خَٰنُ نَزَّلْنَا ٱلذِّكْرَ وَإِنَّا لَهُو كَنفِظُونَ ۞

¹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for commentary.

The word "بن" is an article of multiplicity, meaning "often." Some say it is for "paucity," meaning "little." However, currently, "بنا" came to mean perhaps. See the legance and eloquence, in Arabicone explicitly expresses what he implicitly means by its opposite.

The word "بيود" translated as "long" means an earnest, heartfelt desire, especially for something beyond reach. That is to say: what many long for is not going to happen.

The word "harr" = "let alone, forsake" has no English equivalent per se, so we transliterate and parenthetically explain.

The Legion extrached to this Translation for this word "parenthetically explain."

⁵ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this word, generally meaning: taking temporary advantage of the

⁶ The word "ma'aloom"="معلوم" is a subjective, singular, noun. No English correspondent for it.
7 The word "الأجل" means term-limit, see

⁸ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter w when added to a word.

The word "مجنون" is a noun corresponding to "maniac" rather than "insane" = an adjective.

The two words "مجنون" is a noun corresponding to "maniac" rather than "insane" = an adjective.

The two words "مجنون" "When "ما "په "precedes a present tense verb that means to urge and reproach. See Arabic Grammar books or ill lied that in his explanation to this Ayah.

The word "منظرین" is a plural objective noun for which there is no English equivalent, they who are reprieved.

The word "منظرین" is rooted in "منظرین" which is "kept-up" not just "kept, or maintained," or even "guarded." Meriam Webster's Dictionary puts "keep up" as: "to stay even (as in acts of strength, endurance, or speed) (although he was small he could keep up with the larger boys in sports)." (Emphasis is added).

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10. And <i>laqad</i> (<i>verily, already and affirmatively</i>) We sent [of] before you ^g in the [firsts'] (<i>ancients'</i>) sects ¹³ .	وَلَقَدُ أَرْسَلْنَا مِن قَبَلِكَ فِي شِيَعِ آلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿
11. And not <i>yaátehem</i> (<i>comes to them</i>) of a messenger except they ^z were by him <i>yastah'zeona</i> (<i>affirmably jesting</i>).	وَمَا يَأْتِيهِم مِّن رَّسُول إِلَّا كَانُواْ بِهِـ، يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ ۞
12. Like <i>tha'leka(afar-that-it/</i>) ^x [<i>We</i>] thread it ^x in the criminals' hearts.	كَذَٰ لِكَ نَسَّلُكُهُ فِي قُلُوبِ ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿
13. Not believe they ^z by it ^x and <i>qad</i> (already and affirmatively) ceded ^w the dispensation ^w (of) [firsts] (ancients).	لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ وَقَدَّ خَلَتْ سُنَّةُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿
14. And had We opened on them a door from the Heaven ^w so <i>dhallo</i> (they ^z continued/kept) in it ^w ya'arojona (curvilinearly ascend they ^z).	وَلَوْ فَتَحْنَا عَلَيْم بَابًا مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ فَظَلُّوا فِيهِ يَعْرُجُونَ ﴿
15. Surely (<i>then would have</i>) said they ^z : verily only (<i>had been</i>) closed our visions, rather we (<i>are</i>) people <i>mas'hooroona</i> (<i>we had been bewitched</i>).	لَقَالُوٓا إِنَّمَا شُكِّرَتُ أَبْصَارُنَا بَلُ خَنُ قَوْمٌ مَّسْحُورُونَ ﴿
16. And <i>laqad</i> (<i>verily</i> , <i>already and affirmatively</i>) We made in the Heaven ^w zodiacs and We adorned/bedecked it ^w for the beholders.	وَلَقَدُ جَعَلْنَا فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ بُرُوجًا وَزَيَّنَهَا لِلنَّنظِرِينَ ۞
17. And We kept-up ¹⁴ it ^w from every Satan <i>rajeemen</i> (one who is ever multitudinously stoned).	<u></u> ۅؘحَفِظۡنَنهَامِنػُلِّ شَيۡطَننٍرَّ حِيمٍ
18. Except whom ^p <i>istaraqa</i> ¹⁵ ([<i>he</i>] <i>stealthily stole</i>) the hearing then followed him a <i>she'habon</i> (<i>flamer-star</i>) manifester.	إلَّا مَن ٱسَّتَرَقَ ٱلسَّمْعَ فَأَتْبَعَهُ
19. And the Earth ^w We extended it ^w and We cast in it ^w anchors ¹⁶ (catches/fasteners/stabilizers) and We sprouted in it ^w of everything mawzoonen (that which is balanced and proportioned).	وَٱلْأَرْضَ مَدَدْنَىهَا وَأَلْقَیْنَا فِیهَا رَوَّسِیَ وَأَنْبَتْنَا فِیهَا مِن كُلِّ شَیْءِ مَّوْزُونِ ﷺ
20. And We made for you ^b in it ^w livelihoods and whom ^p not you ^c (are) for him/it ^x surely ra'zequena (giver of: provision/victuals for sustenance/rain).	وَجَعَلْنَا لَكُرْ فِيهَا مَعَلِيشَ وَمَن لَّسْتُمْ لَهُ بِرَازِقِينَ ۞
21. And en (not) of a thing except We have its treasures and not nonazzelo ([We] repetitively descend) it except by aqada'ren(fate/standard)ma'aloomen (that which known).	وَإِن مِّن شَيْءٍ إِلَّا عِندَنَا خَزَآبِنُهُ و وَمَا نُنَزِّلُهُ وَ إِلَّا بِقَدَرٍ مَّعْلُومِ ﴿
22. And We sent the winds ^w impregnators ^w ; so We descended from the Heaven ^w water ^x then <i>asqay-nakum</i> ¹⁷ (<i>We availed its</i> ^x <i>drinking</i>) <i>to you</i> ^b) it ^x ; and not you ^f (<i>are</i>) for it ^x surely storers.	وَأُرْسَلُنَا ٱلرِّيَاحَ لَوَاقِحَ فَأَنزَلْنَا مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مَآءً فَأَسْقَيَّنكُمُوهُ وَمَآ أَنتُمْ لَهُ وَخَنزِنِينَ ﴿

¹³ The word "شيع" = "sects" in the sense of a parties whose members mutually follow and succor each other.

14 The word "حفظ" is rooted in "حفظ" see footnote 14 above regarding "حفظ".

15 The expression "سعم مستخفیا" = "استرق السمع" hence stealthily stole the hearing. See الهادي hence stealthily stole the hearing. See "اسقی" And "اسقیاکم" means availed water for drinking. See الراغب See "اسقیاکم" rooted in "سقی" and not "اسقی" means availed water for drinking.

23. And verily We, surely [We] quicken and nomeeto ¹⁸ (We deaden); and We (are) The Heirs.	وَإِنَّا لَنَحْنُ خُمَى ـ وَنُمِيتُ وَخُنُ اللَّهِ وَخُنُ
24. And laqad(verily, already and affirmatively) knew We the mustaq'demeena ¹⁹ (affirmed-antecedents) of you ^b and laqad (verily, already and affirmatively) knew We the must'akhereena (slackened-tarriers).	وَلَقَدُ عَلَمْنَا ٱلْمُسْتَقْدِمِينَ مِنكُمُ وَلَقَدُ عَلِمْنَا ٱلْمُسْتَقْخِرِينَ ﴿
25. And verily your ^t Lord He throngs them; verily He (<i>is</i>) Hakeemon ²⁰ (infinite hekmah ²¹ Possessor) Omniscient.	وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ يَحَشُّرُهُمُ ۚ إِنَّهُ وَحَكِيمً عَلِيمٌ ۚ عَلِيمٌ ۗ عَلِيمٌ ۗ
26. And laqad (verily, already and affirmatively) We created the mankind of ssalssa'len (dry-clay) of hama'en (dark-odorous-ooze) masnoonen (dark fermented ooze which is smoothened).	وَلَقَدُ خَلَقَنَا ٱلْإِنسَينَ مِن صَلْصَالٍ مِّنْ حَمَالٍ مَّسْنُونٍ ﴿
27. And the Jann ^x (<i>plural of Jinn</i>) We created it ^x of before of the hot wind's fire ^w .	وَٱلْجُآنَّ خَلَقَّنَهُ مِن قَبْلُ مِن نَّارِ السَّمُومِ ﴿
28. And edh (when/whence) said your ^t Lord for the angels: verily I am creating a human of ssalssa'len (dry-clay) of hama'en (dark-odorous-ooze) masnoonen (dark fermented ooze which is smoothened).	وَإِذْ قَالَ رَبُّكَ لِلْمَلَتِهِكَةِ إِنَّى خَلِقٌ
29. So edha (if/when) sawwaytoho (I erected/evened/set him), and I blew in him of My Rou'he (Soul), then let-fall you z for him kowtowing.	فَإِذَا سُوَّيْتُهُ وَنَفَخْتُ فِيهِ مِن رُوحي فَقَعُواْ لَهُ وسَيجِدِينَ ﴿
30. So kowtowed the angels all (of) them wholes.	فَسَجَدَ ٱلْمَلَتِهِكَةُ كُلُّهُمْ أَجْمَعُونَ ٢
31. Except Iblis aba ²² (categorically refused) [he] to be [he] with the sa'jedeena (they that are kowtowing).	إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ أَيْنَ أَن يَكُونَ مَعَ السَّنِجِدِينَ ۚ قَ
32. Said [He]: O, Iblis, what (is) for you g that not [you s] be with the sa'jedeena (kowtowing-they).	قَالَ يَتَإِبِّلِيسُ مَا لَكَ أَلَّا تَكُونَ مَعَ ٱلسَّنِجِدِينَ ﴿
33. Said [he]: not [was] [I] to kowtow for a human You generated him of ssalssa'len(dry-clay) of hama'en(dark-odorous-ooze) masnoon(dark fermented ooze which is smoothened).	قَالَ لَمْ أَكُن لِا أَسْجُدَ لِبَشَر خَلَقْتَهُ
34. Said [He]: so let-egress [you ^s] from it ^w so verily you ^g (are) rajeemon (one who is ever multitudinously stoned).	قَالَ فَٱخْرُجُ مِنْهَا فَإِنَّكَ رَجِيمٌ ٢
35. And verily on you ^g (is) the curse ^w to the <i>Deen's</i> ²³ (Requital's/Judgment's) Day.	وَإِنَّ عَلَيْكَ ٱللَّعْنَةَ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ ٱلدِّين
36. Said [he]: my Lord then let-reprieve me [You s] to a day (to be) resurrected they z.	قَالَ رَبِّ فَأَنظِرُنِيَ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِرِ يُبْعَثُونَ

¹⁸ The word "أمات" in "غييت" is the translation for the effect of the letter بن when added to a word.

19 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter بن when added to a word.

20 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "حكيم" and "حكيم" and "See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma."

21 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma."

22 The word aba="ابي" means categorically (absolutely, without exception) refused, i.e. not just simply refused.

23 That is the Day of Judgment.

37. Said [He]: So verily you ^g (are) of the mundhareena (they who are: deferred/reprieved).	قَالَ فَإِنَّكَ مِنَ ٱلْمُنظَرِينَ 📾
38. To[day](of) the time the ma'aloome (that which is known).	إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ ٱلْوَقْتِ ٱلْمَعْلُومِ ٢
39. Said [he]: my Lord, by what aghawaytaney ²⁴ (You ^g caused me to indulgently stray and be disappointed) surely I	قَالَ رَبِّ مِآ أَغُويْتَنِي لَأُزُيِّنَ لَهُمْ
assuredly ²⁵ adorn for them in the Earth wand surely aghweyannhum ([I] assuredly cause them to indulgently stray and so be disappointed) wholes.	فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَأُغْوِيَنَّهُمْ أَجْمُعِينَ ٢
40. Except Your ^t eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves) of them the mukhlaseena ²⁶ (they who are purified and saved).	إِلَّا عِبَادَكَ مِنْهُمُ ٱلْمُخْلَصِينَ ٢
41. Said [He]: this (is) Sseratton (single and a specific Path) on Me straight (it* is).	قَالَ هَنذَاصِرَاطُّ عَلَى مُسْتَقِيمً ٢
42. Verily My eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves) not for you ^g on them an authority, except whom ^p ettaba'a ([he] closely-followed) you ^g of the ghaweena ²⁷ (strayers because of fallacious belief resulting in disappointment).	إِنَّ عِبَادِي لَيْسَ لَكَ عَلَيْهِمْ سُلُطَنِنَ إِلَّا مَن ٱتَّبَعَكَ مِنَ ٱلَّبَعَكَ مِنَ ٱلَّغَاوِينَ شَ
43. And verily $Hell^w(is)$ surely their appointment (as) wholes.	وَإِنَّ جَهَنُّمُ لَمَوْعِدُهُمْ أَجَمُعِينَ ﴿
44. For it ^w seven doors, for every door [of them] (is) a portion magsoomon (one that is allotted).	لَمَا سَبْعَةُ أَبْوَابِ لِكُلِّ بَابِ مِّنْهُمْ جُزَّةً مَّقْسُومً ﴿
45. Verily the <i>muttaqeena</i> (reverential guarders against Allah's displeasure) (are) in gardens wand wells w.	إِنَّ ٱلۡمُتَّقِينَ فِي جَنَّنتٍ وَعُيُونٍ
46.Let-enter it wyouz by peace aa'meneena (self-safety-securers).	ٱدْخُلُوهَا بِسَلَىمٍ ءَامِنِينَ ٢
47. And wrested We what (is) in their hearts of rancor; brothers [they] (are) over couches mutually fronting (tête-à-tête).	وَنَزَعْنَا مَا فِي صُدُورِهِم مِّنَ غِلِّ إِخْوَانًا عَلَىٰ شُرُرِ مُّتَقَىبِلِينَ ﴿
48. Neither touches/betides them in it wa fatigue and nor they (are) from it was surely mukhrajeena (expellees).	لاً يَمَسُّهُمْ فِيهَا نَصَبُّ وَمَا هُم مِّنْهَا بِمُخْرَجِينَ
49. Nabbe'a(let inform you ^s by piece-of-significant-and-availing-news) My eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves) surely I, I The Ghafooro(iterative Forgiver), Raheemo (iterative mercy Giver).	* نَبِّعُ عِبَادِيَ أَنِّيَ أَنَا ٱلْغَفُورُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ
50. And that My torment x28 it x (is) the torment x the painful.	وَأُنَّ عَذَالِي هُوَ ٱلْعَذَابُ ٱلْأَلِيمُ ٢
51.And nabbe'ahum(let you ^s inform them by piece-of-significant-and-availing-news), a'n (regarding) Ebraheema's (Abraham's) guests.	وَنَبِّئُهُمْ عَن ضَيْفِ إِبْرًاهِيمَ ﴿
52. Edh (when/since) they z entered on him and said theyz:	إِذْ دَخَلُواْ عَلَيْهِ فَقَالُواْ سَلَامًا

in both cases by "assuredly".

²⁴ Theword"غويَتني ''in ''غويَتني'' so he: indulgently strayed and was disappointed. See اللسان so he: indulgently strayed and was disappointed. See "إنهمك في الضلال و خاب''=''أغوين'' and "غوين'' and "لازينن" and "لازينن" and "لازينن" and "لازينن" and "لازينن" and "لازينن" القسم "المسلم" المسلم" المسلم" ألم المسلم ألم المسلم ألم المسلم" ألم المسلم ألم المسلم" أ

The word "mukhlaseen" is objective, masculine, plural noun meaning: they that were selected by Allah for purity of their genuine nature and thus were provide safety and security from any punishment.
 The word "غالبان strayers because of fallacious belief resulting in disappointment for them. See "strayers" "torment" is a singular, masculine, subjective noun in the Arabic language.

peace; said [he]: verily we (are) of you b wajeloona²⁹ (they who are apprehensive). 53. Said they^z: let-not tawjal³⁰ (feel you^s apprehensive); verily we nobashsheroka³¹ ([we] tell pleasant tidings to you^g) by an omniscient gholamon³² (boy). 54. Said [he]: have you c bashsharto³³ (tell pleasant tidings to) me albeit that touched/betided me the agedness; so by what tobasheroona³⁴ (you f tell pleasing tidings to [me]). 55. Said they^z: bashsharnaka³⁵ (we told pleasant tidings to you^g) by the right/truth, so let-not be [you^s] of the despondents. 56. Said [he]: and who^a[he]desponds of his Lord's mercy^w except the strayers. 57. Said [he]: then what (is) your n khattho (serious-matter), O, you the *mursaloona* (sent-messengers). 58. Said they^z: verily we(*had been*) sent to a people, criminals. 59. Except aala³⁶ (family/house/kin) (of) Lootten (Lott) verily we surely (are) munajjo (iteratively deliverers of) them wholes. 60. Except his [woman] (i.e. wife) we correlated³⁷ verily she (is) surely of the gha'bereena^x (residuals/remnants) ^x. 61. So lamma (when/whence) came aala (family/house/kin) (of) Lootten (Lott) the mursaloona (sent-messengers). 62. Said [he]: verily youb (are) a people munkaroona (unknown folks). 63. Said they^z: rather we came (to) you^g by what they ^z were in it^x dubitating they^z. 64. And aa'taynaka (we came from afar to you g) by the right, and that verily we (are) ssadequena (always truth enforcers).

³¹ The word "gholamon" means (1) a male boy, (2) a young mustached boy, (3) a hireling, (4) a servant/slave.

يشر ا يُبشر ميشر (ميشر) See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for bashashara/youbashsharo/mubasheron

²⁹ The word "وجلون " and البصائر and "وجلون " and البصائر and "وجلون " and إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافى There is no English equivalent for such a word per se. It means: they who are apprehensive.

³⁰ The word "عوجل" is a present tense meaning "feel apprehensive," see the previous footnote above, 2712. ³¹ The word nobashshara "بَنْسُر" has no English equivalent per say. So, we resort to transliteration and parenthetical explanation. It is a present tense verb where a speaker is telling another to tell pleasant tidings, albeit surely not all of the times pleasing to some recipients. As some times "grievous" tiding could be the case. Clearly demeritorious people do not deserve any pleasant tidings, except by way of sarcasm. As raising their expectations and suddenly plunging it deep into the abyss of dismality is very fitting for them.

³⁴ The letter "ن" in "نون الوقاية او العماد، حيث لا يُستَغني عنها " which precedes the speaker's pronoun" ي" The speaker's pronoun "ي" is omitted, for "التخفيف" " alleviation, lightening" or Ayat's end harmony (rhyme). See

³⁶ The word ""has many meanings, among them: (1) the distant indistinguishable human apparition, (2) the family of a person, i.e. wife and children, (3) the chiefs or the notables of a family, (4) the followers of a certain leaders. It is used to ennoble and dignify.

³⁷ The word "" has several meaning, among them "measured" or correlated one thing with another as having the corresponding characteristics.

65. Therefore, as're (let-[you^s] nocturnally-ambulate/travel) by هِلِكَ بقطع مِّنَ ٱلَّيْلِ وَٱتَّبِعُ your t family by a segment of the night and ettabe'a (let-closely-follow [you s]) their rears and let not yaltafit (side-glance) an ahadon³⁸ (lone/any-one) of you^b and letproceed you whence (to be) commanded you. 66. And We judged (revealed/conveyed) to him tha'leka(afarthat-it/)x the matter, that da'bera³⁹ (rear-most/last of) those (people) (is) magtoo'on (to be cut off/to be rooted away) mussbeheena (as they reach morning). 67. And came the city's folks yestabsheroona (they seek pleasant tidings) (i.e. rejoicing for the new arrivals). 68. Said [he]: verily these (are) my guests, so let-not you z scandalize $[me]^{41}$. 69. And ettago (let reverentially guard you² not to displease) Allah and let-not you^z disgrace $[me]^{42}$. 70. Said they^z: Have [and]⁴³ not [we] restrained you^g a'n (regarding) the worlds. 71. Said [he]: these (are) my daughters, en (if) you^c were doers. 72. By aamroka(your life/religion)verily they(are)assuredly44 in their inebriety/intoxication addling theyz. 73. So took-she^y them the shriek-she ^y mushregeena⁴⁵ (as they entered the full sunshine after sunrise). 74. So We made its^w height its^w bottom and We ill-rained⁴⁶ on them stones w47 of Sejjelen (petrified clay). in tha'leka (afar-that-it/) x surely (are) Aya'tenw (miracles/signs/proofs) for the mutawassemeena (signaseekers). 76. And verily it^{w48} (is) surely by a path⁴⁹ sustainer.

³⁸ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding "Let".

³⁹ The expression, as in this Ayah: "Then cut off last (of) the people"= "قطع دابر القوم" meaning uprooted the last

person of such people.

40 The word "استبس" means (a) he sought the pleasant tidings, or (b) Rejoice or show, by verbal, facial or bodily expressions gladness of pleasant tidings.

41 The letter "ن" in "نون الوقاية او العماد، حيث لا يُستَغنى عنها "by Arabic (linguistic) Rule, is called "غنها" is omitted, for "بودن الوقاية او العماد، حيث "in "نون الوقاية او العماد، حيث "is omitted, for "ي" "alleviation, lightening" or Ayat's end harmony (rhyme). See ⁴² Ibid, only here regarding تخزون

⁽أولم '' implying negation) is made up of three parts (أ), (ع), (ع) (الم) '' meaning: does it, referring to the fact, or sound logic of the evidence or clear situation. The (ع) = (and) "ولم"," meaning: does it, referring to the fact, or sound logic of the evidence or clear situation. The (ع) = (and) component is (ع) of coupling which normally commences the sentence. However, because there is an interrogative particle which takes precedence for beginning a sentence. See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration.

44 The "J" in "عبرك" is clearly juratory "= "للا القسم" is clearly juratory " is also juratory " is also juratory " amounting to " juratory " in "التابع" i.e. affirmation, expressed here by "assuredly".

45 The word "mushregeen" means as they entered into the full sun shine immediately after sunrise, as sunrise = "الشروق" and "المنوق" in Arabic there is a distinction between "مطر" = rained, and "أمطر" = ill-rained, as "أمطر" in English, I chose ill-rained.

46 In Arabic there is a distinction between "أمطر" is used. So for lack of "أمطر" in English, I chose ill-rained.

47 The word "أبدو " is else]-stones is plural of multiplicity vis-à-vis plural of paucity. So, lots and lots of stones.

⁴⁸ That is the doomed city.

15 سورة الججر 15 S15-Al-Hej're

77. Verily in tha'leka(afar-that-it/) ^x surely (is) an Aya'tan ^w (miracle/sign/proof) for the believers.	إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَآيَةً لِّلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿
78. And <i>en</i> (<i>surely</i>) [was] the <i>Ayka'te's</i> ^w (<i>thicket's</i> ^w) companions certainly (<i>are</i>) <i>dha'lemeena</i> (<i>injustice-doers</i>).	وَإِن كَانَ أُصْحَبُ ٱلْأَيْكَةِ لَظَيلِمِينَ
79. So We revenged from them and verily both ⁵⁰ (<i>of</i>) them (<i>are</i>) surely by a principal manifester.	فَٱنتَقَمِّنَا مِنْهُمْ وَإِنَّهُمَا لَبِإِمَام مُّبِين
80. And laqad (verily, already and affirmatively) denied the Hej're's (valley between Madeena and Syria) companions the mursaleena (sent-messengers).	وَلَقَدُ كَذَّبَ أَصْحَبُ ٱلْحِجْرِ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿
81. And <i>aa'tayna</i> (<i>We accorded/given</i>) them Our <i>Aya'te</i> ^w (<i>miracles/signs/proofs</i>) then they ^z were <i>a'n(regarding</i>)it ^w shunners.	وَءَاتَيْنَهُمْ ءَايَتِنَا فَكَانُواْ عَنْهَا مُعْرِضِينَ
82. And they ^z were carving of the mountains houses aa'meneena (self-safety-securers).	وَكَانُواْ يَنْحِتُونَ مِنَ ٱلْجِبَالِ بُيُوتًا عَالِمُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ
83. Then took-she ^y them the shriek-she ^y mussbeheena (as sun rise approached them).	فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ ٱلصَّيْحَةُ مُصْبِحِينَ ﴿
84. So not enriched ⁵¹ <i>a'n</i> (<i>off</i>) them what they ^z were earning.	فَمَآ أُغْنَىٰ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَكْسِبُونَ
85. And not We created the Heavens ^w and the Earth ^w and what (<i>are</i>) between them both except by the	وَمَا خَلَقْنَا ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَمَا
right; and verily The Hour ^w surely (is) aa'teyaton ^w	بَيْنَهُمَآ إِلَّا بِٱلْحَقُّ وَإِنَّ ٱلسَّاعَة
$(approaching/coming)^{w}$ so let-condone [you ^s] the condonation the beautiful.	لْأَتِيَةً فَأَصْفَح ٱلصَّفْحَ ٱلْجُعِيلَ
86. Verily your ^t Lord, He (is) The Khallaqo (multitudinous Creator), The Omniscient.	رَبَّكَ هُوَ ٱلْخُلَّقُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ مُو الْخُلَّقُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ
87. And laqad (verily, already and affirmatively) aa'taynaka (We accorded/gave you ^g) seven of the mathaney ⁵² (i.e. Qur'an Surah 1) and The Qur'an ^x The Great.	وَلَقَدُ ءَاتَيْنَكَ سَبْعًا مِّنَ ٱلْمَثَانِي وَلَقَدُ ءَاتَيْنَكَ سَبْعًا مِّنَ ٱلْمَثَانِي وَالْقُرْءَانَ ٱلْعَظِيمَ
88. Let-not assuredly extend [you ^s] your ^t [both] eyes ^{w53} to what matta'na (We had let relish the transitory worldly	والفرءان العطيم كالله عَيْنَيْكَ إِلَىٰ مَا مَتَّعْنَا بِهِ - اللهُ
delights) by itx likes/kinds54 of them and let-not	أَزْوَجًا مِّنْهُمْ وَلَا تَحْزَنُ عَلَيْهِمْ
sadden [you ^s] on them and let-lower [you ^s] your ^t wing ⁵⁵ for the believers.	وَٱخۡفِضْ جَنَاحَكَ لِلۡمُؤۡمِنِينَ ٢

⁴⁹ That is standing sustainedly for all to see.

⁵⁰ This is in reference to both townships of people of Lot, i.e. *Madyan* and the *Aykah*.

53 The expression: "extended his both eyes"="acina" means desired what someone else has.

⁵¹ The word "فغی" has triple meanings: (1) enriched, (2) sufficed, and (3) benefited. But "enriched" includes the three. As "enriched" made rich or richer, made fuller, more meaningful, or more rewarding. so "enriched" is superior.

⁵² Commentators of The Qur'an are of *different* opinions as to the meaning of "the seven mathaney." However, the majority seems to agree that it is the Openershey,

⁵⁴ The word "أزواجاً" in this Ayah, linguistically and according to many Qur'an commentators means: likes/kinds., i.e. الطبري and اللسان See الطبري

⁵⁵ The expression "[you^s] lower your wing" is lofty Arabic tongue expression meaning show "softness," kindness, or be "courteous towards" all are as figurative expressions, as the "wings" are the arms, symbols of strength. So when one "lowers" the arms the person makes them tucked to his sides indicating respect or submission.

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89. And let-say [you ^s]: verily I am the <i>nathero</i> (<i>repetitive warner</i>) the manifester.	وَقُلُ إِنَّ أَنَا ٱلنَّذِيرُ ٱلْمُبِيثُ ﴿
90. Just-as We descended on the portioners ⁵⁶ .	كَمَآ أَنزَلْنَا عَلَى ٱلْمُقْتَسِمِينَ 🕝
91. Who ^r they ^z made The Qur'an ^x eedheena ⁵⁷ (that which is dismembered).	ٱلَّذِينَ جَعَلُواْ ٱلْقُرْءَانَ عِضِينَ ٢
92. So by your ^t Lord, surely [<i>We</i>] assuredly ⁵⁸ question them wholes.	فَورَبِّكَ لَنَسْعَلَنَّهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ٢
93. <i>Amma</i> (regarding) what were they working.	عَمَّا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ 🝙
94. So issda'a (let-promulgate [you ^s]) by what [you ^s] (are being) commanded and let-shun[you ^s]a'n(off) the mushrekeena (he-they who partner deities with Allah/he-polytheists).	فَاصَّدَعٌ بِمَا تُؤْمَرُ وَأَعْرِضٌ عَنِ ٱلۡمُشۡرِكِينَ ﴿
95. Verily We sufficed you ^g the mustah'ze'eena (affirmable jesters/affirmably-jesting they ²).	إِنَّا كَفَيْنَكَ ٱلْمُسَّةُ زِءِينَ ﴿
96. Who ^r they ^z make with Allah another <i>elahan</i> (<i>a deity</i>), then will know they ^z .	ٱلَّذِينَ يَجُعُلُونَ مَعَ ٱللَّهِ إِلَىهًا ءَاخَرَ فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿
97. And <i>laqad</i> (<i>verily, already and affirmatively</i>) [<i>We</i>] know surely you ^g constricts your ^t bosom by what they ^z say.	وَلَقَدُ نَعْلَمُ أَنَّكَ يَضِيقُ صَدُرُكَ بَمَا يَقُولُونَ ﴿
98.So sabbeh ⁵⁹ (let-say[you ⁸]: subhana Allah) by your ^t Lord's praise and be[you ⁸] of the sa'jedeena(kowtowing-they ⁸).	فَسَبِّحْ نِحَمَّدِ رَبِّكَ وَكُن مِّنَ ٱلسَّنجِدِينَ ﴿
99. And let-worship [you ^s] your ^t Lord until comes (to) you ^g the yaqeeno ⁶⁰ (the: inevitable certitude/ death).	وَٱعْبُدْ رَبَّكَ حَتَّىٰ يَأْتِيكَ ٱلۡيَقِينُ ١

against Mohammad (SAWS) and his followers.

57 The word "عضین" = "eedheen," rooted in "غضی، أي فرق الى أجزاء" = dismembering into parts. Hence, they dismembered The Qur'an. The Qur'an is a single whole. When they pull off some parts (as they please) and choose to accept part(s) and leave other parts as unacceptable, what they were doing is dismembering it.

58 The "انتاكيد" is a juratory- القائمة "amounting to" "amounting to" "i.e. affirmation, expressed by "assuredly".

60 That is death. +

⁵⁶ Qur'an commentators vary as to the exact meaning of the word "," as it potentially bears more than one meaning: It could mean those who did *portion* (segment) The Qur'an into *parts*, *believing in some* and *not* in the others. Or also it could mean "*swearer-allies*" those who swore as allies to gather their endeavor against Mohammad (SAWS) and his followers.

⁵⁸The" in "كيد" is a juratory-" amounting to= "كالكيد", i.e. affirmation, expressed by "assuredly".

⁵⁹ The phrase "subhana Allah," means: hallowedly and marvelously Allah is deemed transcending all defects and that everything solemnly stands in awe and utmost consecration of Allah.